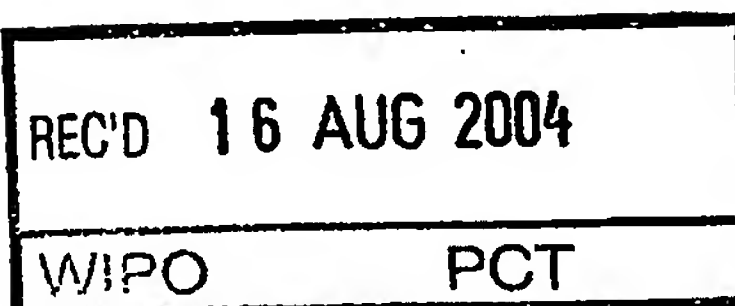


PCT/NZ2004/000152



CERTIFICATE

This certificate is issued in support of an application for Patent registration in a country outside New Zealand pursuant to the Patents Act 1953 and the Regulations thereunder.

I hereby certify that annexed is a true copy of the Provisional Specification as filed on 18 July 2003 with an application for Letters Patent number 527068 made by MID WEST AGENCIES LIMITED.

I further certify that pursuant to a claim under Section 24(1) of the Patents Act 1953, a direction was given that the application proceed in the name of Darren James BIRD.

Dated 5 August 2004.

PRIORITY DOCUMENT
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A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Neville Harris".

Neville Harris
Commissioner of Patents, Trade Marks and Designs



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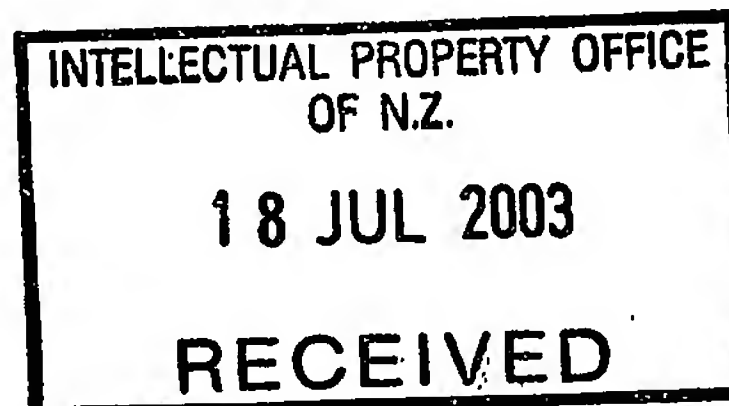
Patents Form No. 4

Our Ref: WEJ504415

Patents Act 1953
PROVISIONAL SPECIFICATION
LEASH

We, **MID WEST AGENCIES LIMITED**, a New Zealand company, of McKenzie Road, RD4, Pukekohe, Auckland 1006, New Zealand do hereby declare this invention to be described in the following statement:

PT043727466



LEASH

Field of the Invention

5 This invention relates to a leash, and is directed particularly, but not solely, toward a leash suitable for a user to walk an animal such as a dog.

Background of the Invention

10 Known animal leashes typically comprise a strap which has a clip at one end to attach to a collar of an animal. The other end of the strap usually has a loop which is formed by stitching a part of the strap to itself. The apparatus is used by a user placing a hand, arm or fingers, for example, through the loop so as to constrain the extent of movement of the animal relative to the user.

15 Users often use a leash to exercise their animal while they themselves also exercise. Thus a user will often be attired in exercise clothing for example, and this creates a difficulty in relation to items that a user may usually store in a pocket of conventional clothing. For example, the user may wish to take keys, a wallet and perhaps a mobile
20 telephone when exercising the animal, but exercise clothing usually has few pockets, so carrying these objects is inconvenient.

25 Although some leash apparatus allows a separate container to be attached to the strap, these are designed for collecting excrement, so they are not typically suitable for items such as car keys or house keys, wallets, etc. Also, these existing containers have the disadvantage that they are not easily removable from the strap to carry into a shop for example while also allowing the strap to be used to restrain the animal by affixing the leash to an object such as a post.

30 Object

It is an object of the present invention to provide an animal leash which will at least go some way toward overcoming disadvantages of known animal leashes, or to at least provide the public with a useful alternative.

Summary of the Invention

Accordingly in one aspect the invention may broadly be said to consist in a leash including an elongate strap having a first end and a second end, the first end having a collar connection for connection to an animal collar, the second end having a container connector for connection to a container, and a container having a strap connector for connection to the container connector, and the container including a leash handle adapted to be grasped by the hand of the user.

Preferably the strap may include a further connector near the second end thereof adapted to engage with the container connector.

Preferably or alternatively the leash may include a slideable connector sideably mounted about the strap, the slideable connector being adapted to engage with the container connector.

Preferably the leash includes a collar having a strap connector adapted to engage the collar connector.

Preferably the collar includes a collar fastening means such as a buckle.

Preferably the collar includes a fastening loop such as a "D" ring for containing the tongue of the collar and/or for attaching registration tags, identification tags and such devices as Pet Blinkers or safety lights.

Preferably the collar strap connector is fixedly mounted on the collar in a location substantially opposite the fastening means.

Preferably the container has a first end and a second end, the strap connector being provided at the first end of the container, and the handle being provided at the second end of the container.

In a further aspect of the invention it may broadly be said to consist in an animal collar having a fastening means such as a buckle to fasten a collar about the neck of an animal, and a strap connector adapted to engage the collar with a leash strap, the strap connector being fixedly located to the collar so as not to move substantially along the collar, and the

strap connector being mounted on the collar in a location substantially opposite the location of the fastening means.

Preferably the collar includes a strap, the strap being engaged with the strap connector.

Preferably the strap includes a container with a further strap connector being provided at a first end of the container.

Drawing Description

The invention will now be described by way of example with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which:

Figure 1: is a sketch of one example of a strap for a leash,

Figure 2: is a perspective sketch of a container for a leash,

Figure 3: is a perspective sketch of a collar for a leash,

Figure 4: is a perspective sketch of a leash including apparatus of Figures 1 to 3 in an assembled condition,

Figure 5: is another example of a strap for a leash, and

Figure 6: is yet another example of a strap for a leash, the strap including features of Figures 1 and 5.

Detailed Description

Referring to Figure 1, a strap is shown generally referenced 1, having a first end with a collar clip 2 and a second end with a container clip 3. Each of the clips is readily available, having a known operating function whereby the clip is biased into a closed state, but is capable of being released by a manually manipulable lever such as pin 4.

In the example illustrated, the clips are attached to each end of the strap by a loop or ring 5 which is constructed of a suitable tough material such as metal for example. The ring 5

which is shown in the example is commonly referred to as a D ring, and the straight part of the ring is provided within a closed loop 6 at each end of the strap. The loop 6 is typically formed by stitching 7 which stitches the strap to itself, and may also be secured using a further fastener such as a rivet 8.

The strap 1 also includes a further loop such as D ring 10 which is permanently affixed in a predetermined location on the strap, for example by being stitched into place as shown by stitching 11.

Turning now to Figure 2, a container is shown generally referenced 12. The container has a cover flap 14 which may be secured to an outer surface of the container by a fastener 15 which may comprise a dome clip, or a magnetic fastener for example. Other forms of fastening device may be used, but a fastener is not essential. The container is preferably constructed from a suitably robust material such as leather although other materials may be used. The first end of the container includes a connecting loop, such as another D ring 16, for example, which is adapted to engage with clip 3 of the strap (refer Figure 1). The second end of the container 12 has a handle 17. In the example shown in Figure 2, the handle 17 is attached to the body of the container using D rings or similar connectors 18. The construction is generally robust and handle 17 is adapted to be comfortable for a user's hand to grasp so that the body of the handle 17 may be located in use within a user's fist or hand

The apparatus of Figures 1 and 2 is adapted to be connected together so that the D ring 16 is captured within clip 3 of the strap of Figure 1. Therefore, the clip 2 of strap 1 can be connected to an animal collar, and in this way a leash is provided comprising the container 12 and the strap 1. In this document, reference is made to clips engaging with loops such as D rings. However, those skilled in the art will appreciate that other connection arrangements may be used, and that the location of clips and loops may be reversed between components. For example, loops may be provided at either end of the strap 1 for engagement with clips provided on the collar and container.

A user can hold the handle 17 of the container and in this way restrain the animal wearing the collar. The container 12 is of a suitable size to contain and protect valuables or other items belonging to the user such as keys, money, wallet, credit cards, medicines, communication devices such as a pager or cell phone, or carry in a clear bag the excrement from the animal duly collected by the user for later disposal. The apparatus has

the advantage that when a user wishes to secure the animal that is wearing the collar at any particular location, the user can simply unclip clip 3 from the container, then loop the end of strap 1 that carries clip 3 about an object such as a post and secure the clip to fixed D ring 10. This allows the animal to be restrained to the fixed object while a user continues to carry the container without leaving the container in a position where its contents could be stolen or otherwise tampered with. The user is also free to take the container into a store, for example, and access the contents of the container such as a wallet or money to make a purchase.

Turning now to Figure 3, an animal collar is shown generally referenced 20. The collar includes a fastening mechanism such as buckle 22 to securely fasten the collar about the animal. At a substantially opposite position on the collar, a connector such as D ring 24 is fixably connected to the collar, for example by stitching 25, so that it cannot substantially move relative to the collar. The D ring 24 is in use connected to clip 2 of Figure 1. The fixed position of the D ring 24 has the advantage that it is remote from the buckle 22 which is in use positioned adjacent to the throat of the animal wearing the collar. In this way, the D ring 24 is conveniently provided at a position on the animal which is usually close to the user and convenient for attachment and continued engagement of clip 2.

Furthermore, many owners of domestic animals provide a light emitting device, commonly referred to as a pet light or a pet blinker, which clips on a collar adjacent to a buckle of the collar where the light is easily visible at night for identification of the animal. A connecting loop such as D ring 23 (see Figure 3) is provided for attachment of devices such as pet blinkers or safety lights, registration tags or identification tags. Ring 23 also preferably contains the tongue of the collar. Providing the collar attachment D ring 24 at a position opposite the buckle means that the D ring 24 does not interfere with the operation or effectiveness of the light.

Turning now to Figure 4, the apparatus of Figures 1 to 3 is shown in an assembled condition, ready for the collar 20 to be fastened about the neck of an animal.

In Figure 5, an alternative example of the strap 1 is illustrated. Like reference numerals relate to like features of the strap previously described. The difference with the strap shown in Figure 5 is that rather than having a fixed D ring 10, a "floating" or sliding D ring or loop 30 is provided. This has the advantage that it allows the strap to be affixed to a wide variety of different sized objects. For example, the fixed D ring of Figure 1 may only

allow the strap to be looped about a parking meter post, whereas the sliding D ring 30 of Figure 5 may allow the strap to be looped about a lamp post, since the larger diameter of the lamp post can be accommodated by allowing the ring 30 to slide further along the strap to affix it to the clip 3.

5

In Figure 6 yet another example of the strap is illustrated. Again, like reference numerals refer to like figures, and in this example we see that both the fixed D ring 10 and the floating D ring 30 are provided. This arrangement of Figure 6 allows a number of different options for a user. The options of using a fixed D ring or the floating D ring to fasten the strap to fixed objects are available. There is also the option of the fixed D ring being used to form a handle in the end of the strap.

10

Where in the foregoing description, reference has been made to specific components or integers of the invention having known equivalents then such equivalents are herein incorporated as if individually set forth.

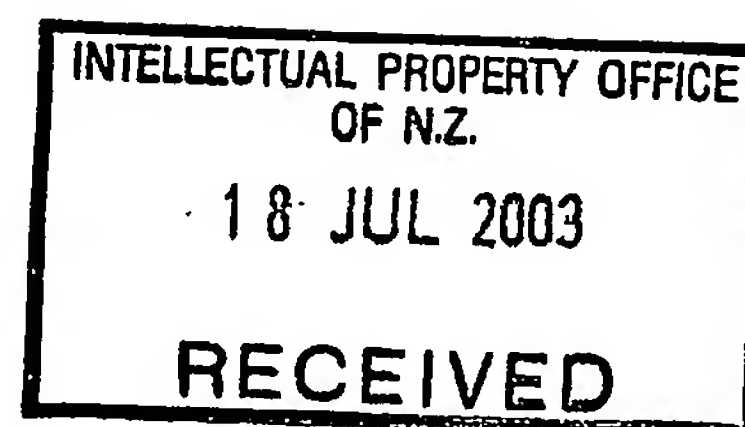
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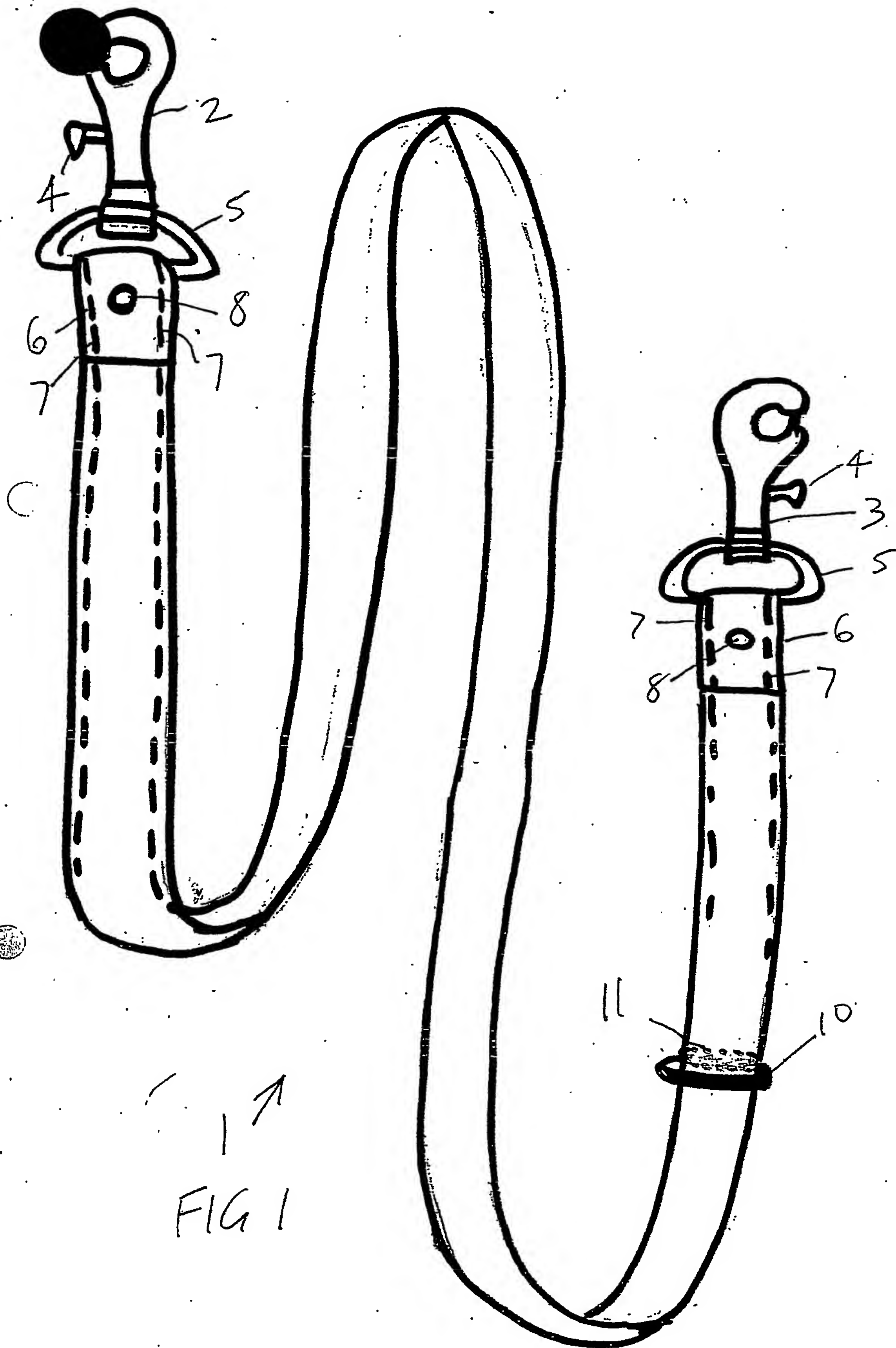
Although this invention has been described by way of example and with reference to possible embodiments thereof, it is to be understood that modifications or improvements may be made thereto without departing from the scope or spirit of the invention.

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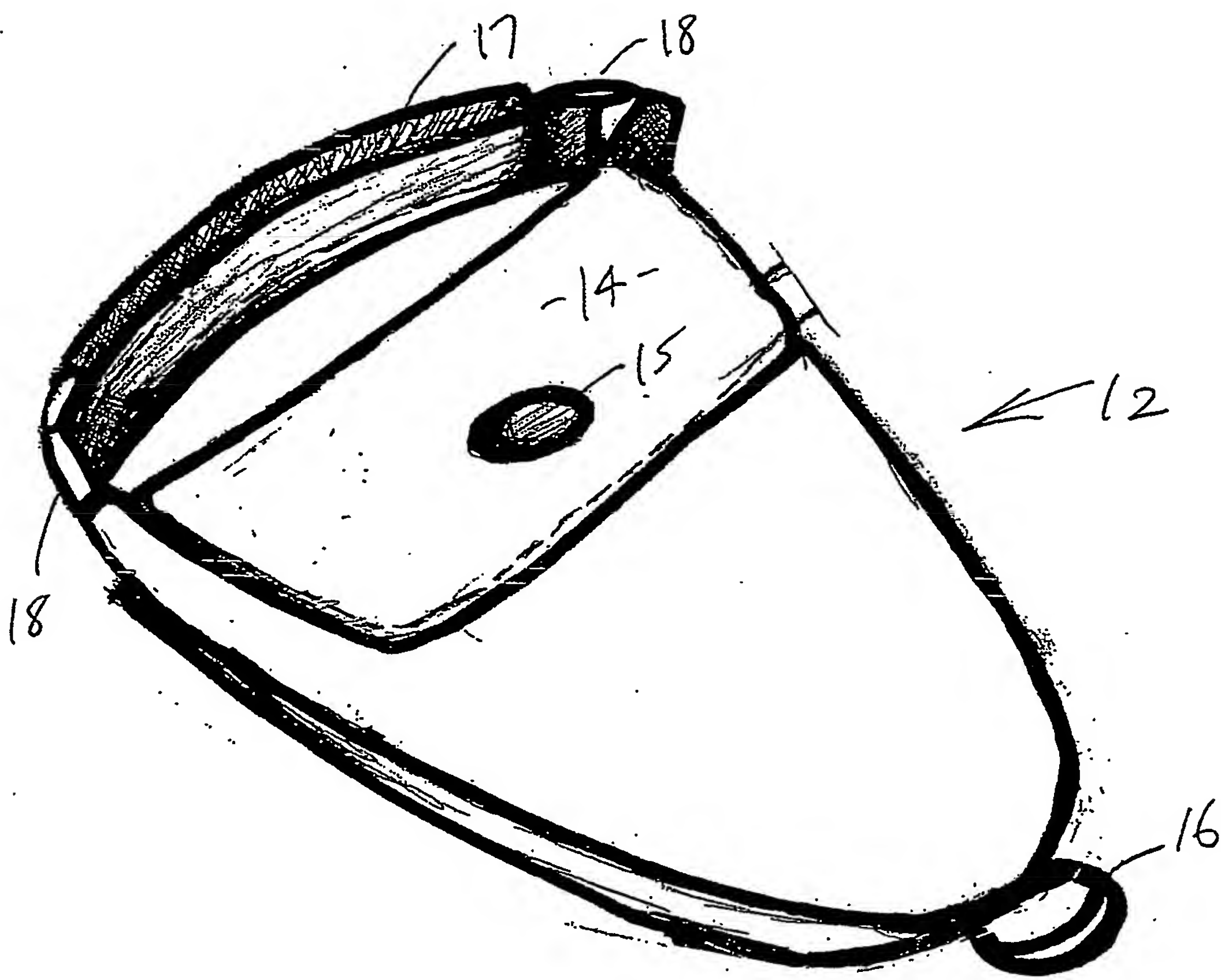
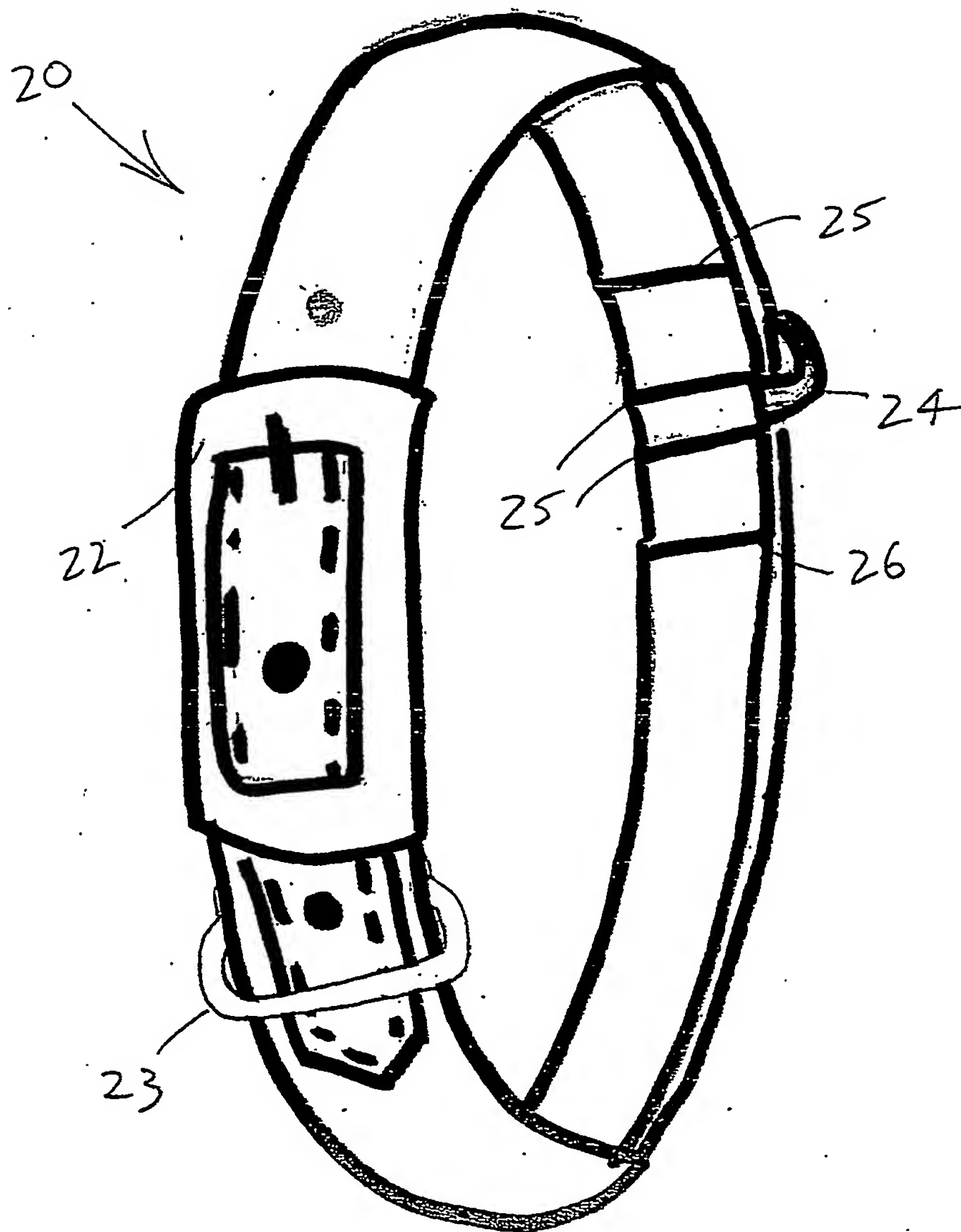


FIG 2

FIG 3



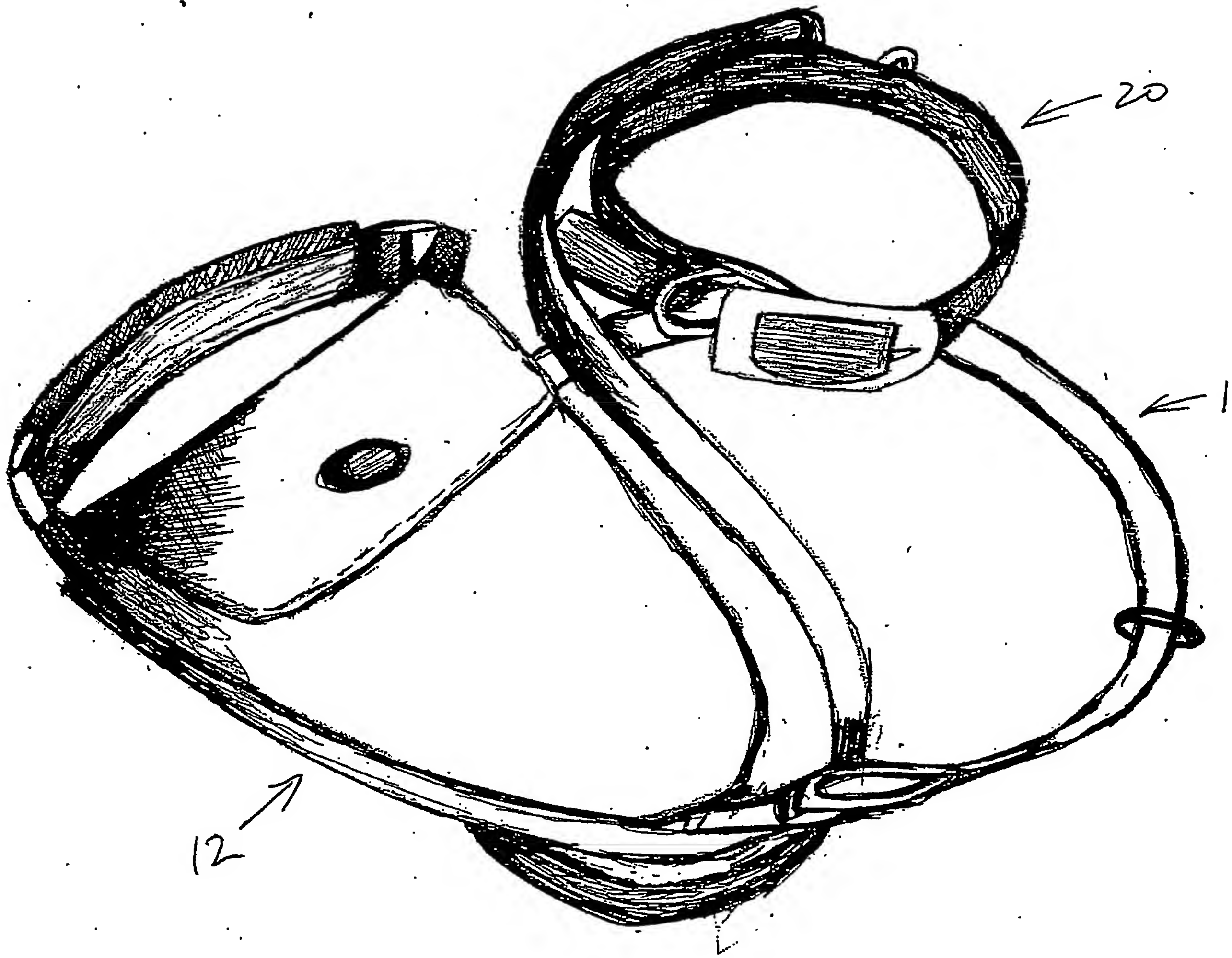


FIG 4

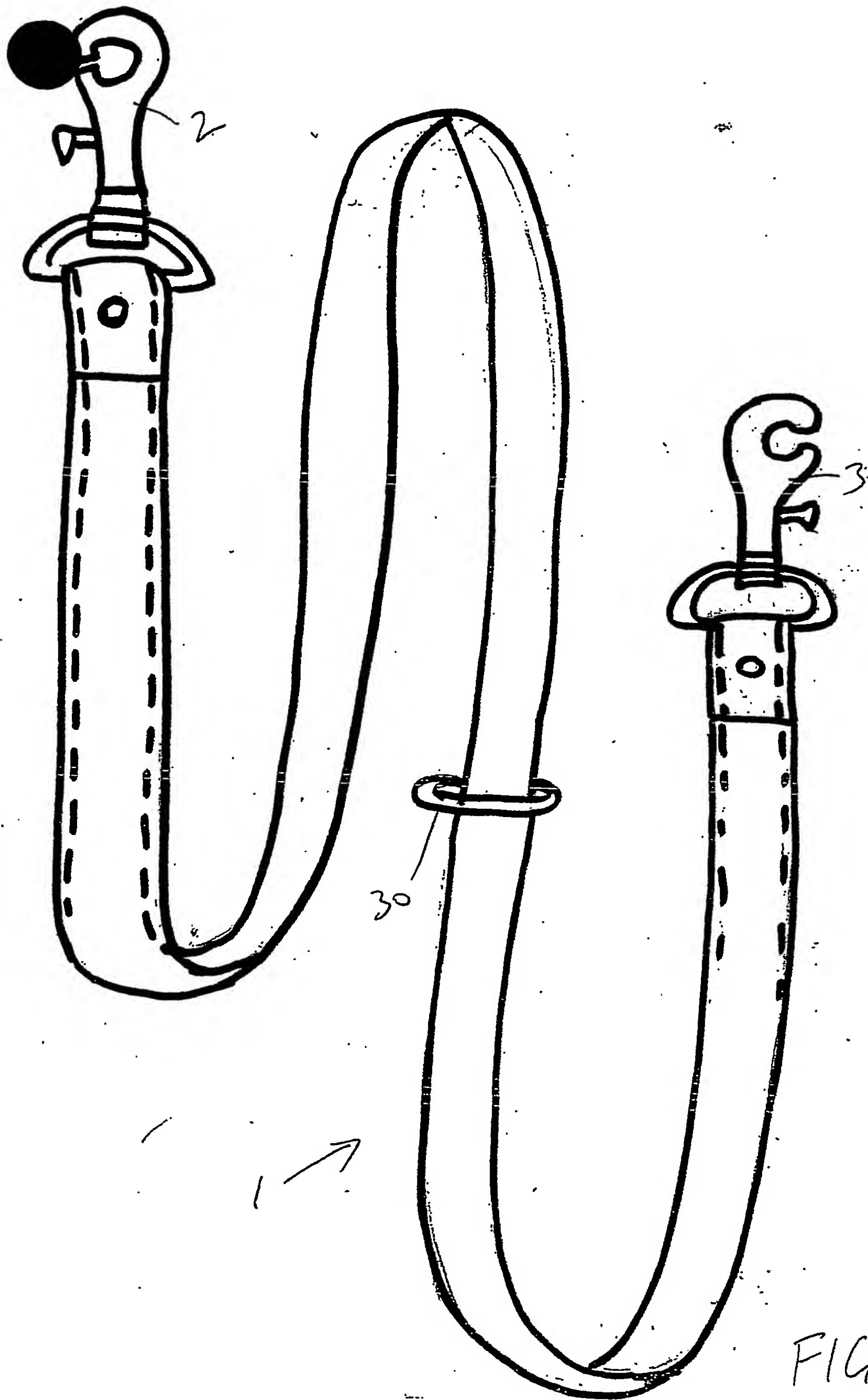


FIG 5

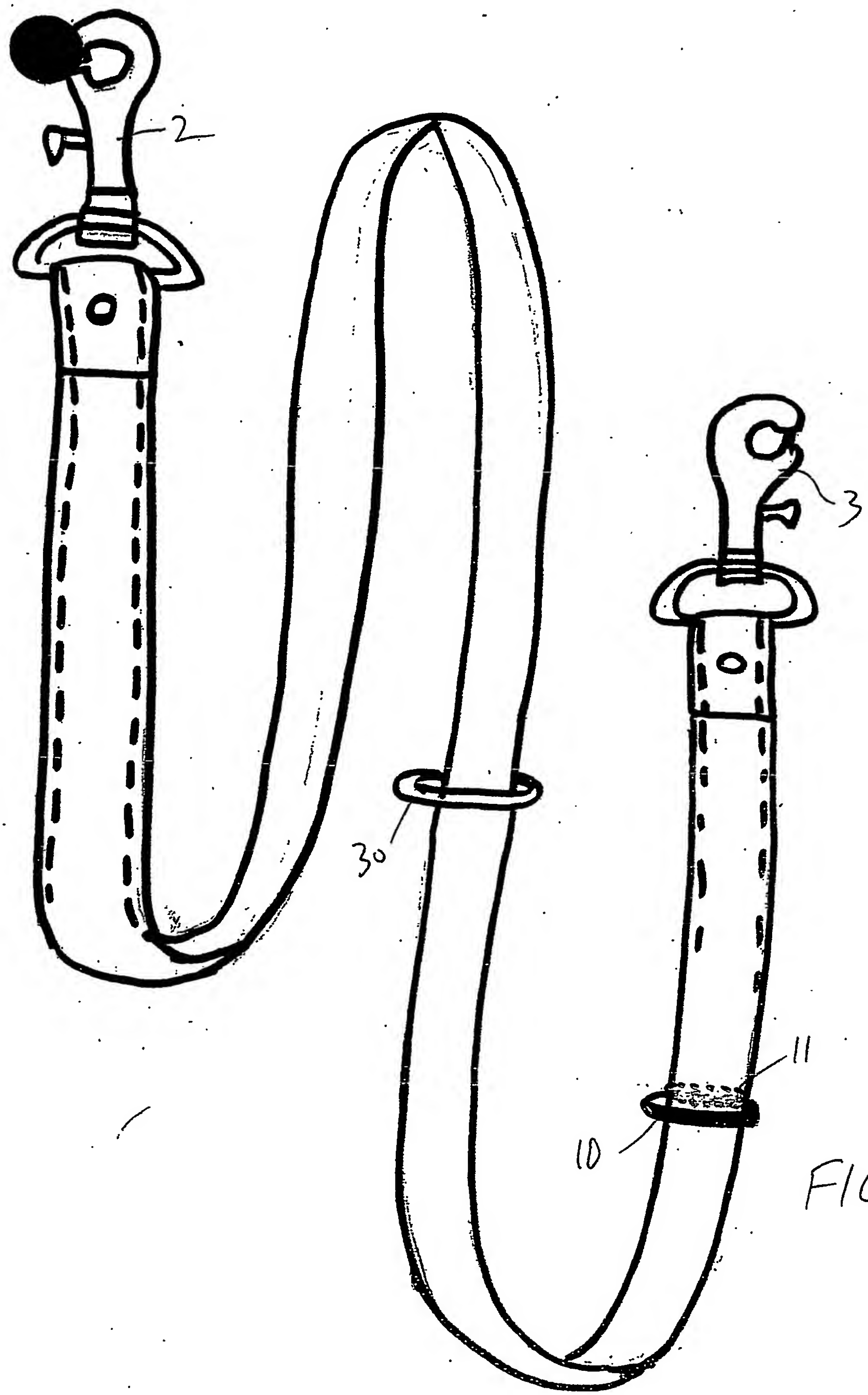


FIG 6

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